Inventor Rose high — until world changed

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Tribe’s letter deepens dilemma over project

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KLLAM WANT SACRED LAND SPARED

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Looking like it’s Willingham for Huskies’ football coach

Controversial firing ended Notre Dame tenure

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Economy from AF

Phone devices brought fortune

By 1975, Harry Rasmussen was a multimillionaire, but he was far from finished. As he continued to innovate, he made his work as a phone jack manufacturer even more demanding. In Pacific, Wash., Harry Rasmussen and his Massever Bore, in 1959. At the pinnacle of his success, Rasmussen was a millionaire many times over.

A growing ... few market innovators began to reap the profits from their inventions. Where once the successful entrepreneur was a red-headed, mustachioed man, now business was dominated by the suits of the corporate world. Yet, despite this change, there were still some who found success in the world of innovation. One such individual was a phone jack manufacturer who had a vision for creating a product that would revolutionize the phone industry. His name was Harry Rasmussen.

When big was beautiful

As the world became more complex, the need for innovation became even more critical. Businesses and governments alike searched for ways to remain competitive and move forward. The 1950s were a time of change, and the phone industry was no exception.

A changing world economy ...

Historians generally agree that the 1950s were a time of significant economic growth and change. With the end of World War II and the beginning of the Cold War, the world economy was in a state of flux. The post-war period in the U.S. saw a shift from a focus on heavy industry to one of mass consumerism. The government, on the other hand, was focused on maintaining a strong military presence.

The government invested heavily in military research and development, which led to significant advancements in technology. These advancements not only contributed to the war effort, but also had a significant impact on the civilian economy. The development of new materials, such as fiberglass and plastics, allowed for the creation of new products and technologies.

The 1950s also were an age of optimism and growth. The Baby Boom was in full swing, and the economy was booming. The post-war period saw a significant increase in consumer spending, with people eager to purchase the latest consumer goods.

The 1950s also saw significant changes in the political and social landscape. The Cold War was in full swing, and the U.S. government was focused on maintaining a strong military presence. This led to significant investments in military research and development, which had a significant impact on the civilian economy.

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A big gamble in a shifting game

A thriving business runs smack into a new economy

While the Mausar and the airplane inflated Rasmussen's naiveté, a bigger symbol mood swung from Wall Street: a certain-bottom factory the size of a softball. The $125,000-odd Bell phone was easy to assemble, and Bell's chief executive wouldn't have been surprised to see Rasmussen's enterprise in the same driveway he'd park his car over the weekend. Rasmussen had his doubts, too. At a test drive, he wrote a $25,500 check, the equivalent of about $90,000 today. When Rasmussen couldn't come up with a deposit, the dealer called his bank to make sure he didn't have a bad check or didn't have the money. 'Harry can buy the car or the dealership, whichever he prefers,' the boxer said.